#### Trends in the Beef Market and Demand for High Quality Beef

Larry Corah
Certified Angus Beef, Retired Vice President
Professor Emeritus at K-State







#### Amazing few years in this Industry

Prices – Who expected the change?

Land Prices – What is the land investment per cow today?

Price Volatility - WOW

## Also amazed at how <u>YOU</u> have changed cattle

- ➤ Bigger
- ➤ Grow faster
- >Calve easier
- >Solid black
- >Grade better

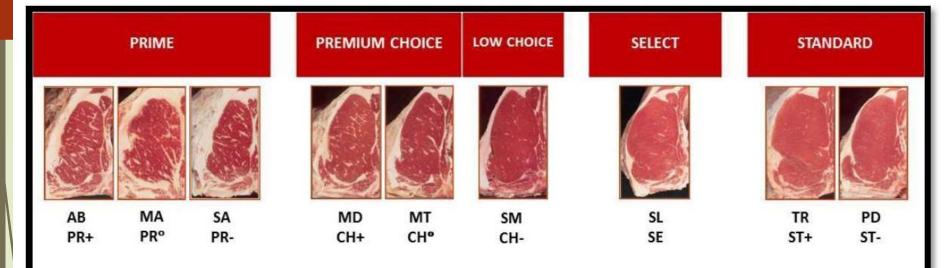
### So what drives Value – The Big Three

- 1) Health the must live
- 2) Pounds Ability to grow
- 3) Grade Value is dictated by quality grade potential

# Never forget – The consumer determines the value of your calves

- As an industry we have shifted from a commodity to value based markets
- ➤ Today 70% of fed cattle sold on a formula or grid
- Virtually all grids are quality based

#### So we Understand Quality Grades



Degrees of marbling used to determine USDA quality grades for beef, listed from greatest to least, are: Abundant (AB), Moderately Abundant (MA), Slightly Abundant (SA), Moderate (MD), Modest (MT), Small (SM), Slightly Abundant (FD).

	Grade	% of Mix
	Prime (3 grades)	4-5%
	Premium Choice (MD & MT)	25%
	Low Choice	40%
	Select	30%
$\mathbb{N}$	Standard (no roll)	1%

#### **Quality Grade Drives Prices**

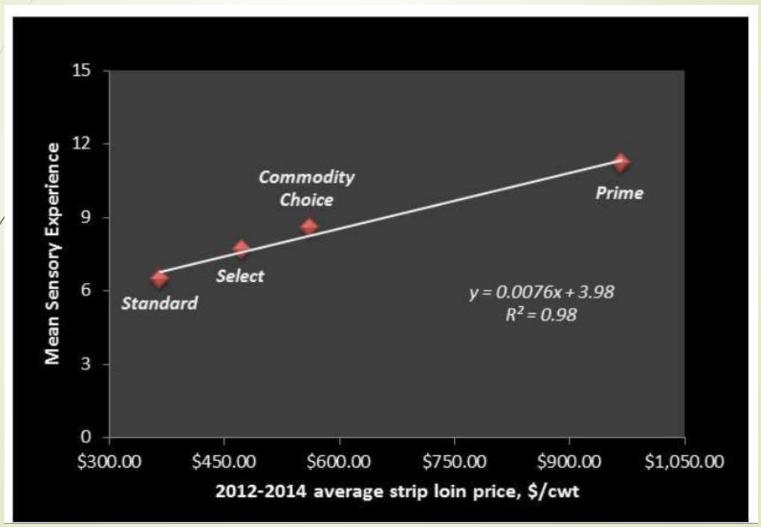
Table			
		\$/900#	
Grade	\$/LB	Carcass	
Prime	2.50	2250	> \$135
Premium Choice	2.35	2115	> \$108
Low Choice	2.23	2007	> \$54
Select	2.17	1953	

Urner Berry cutout data – Jan. 15, 2016

#### **Price Trends**

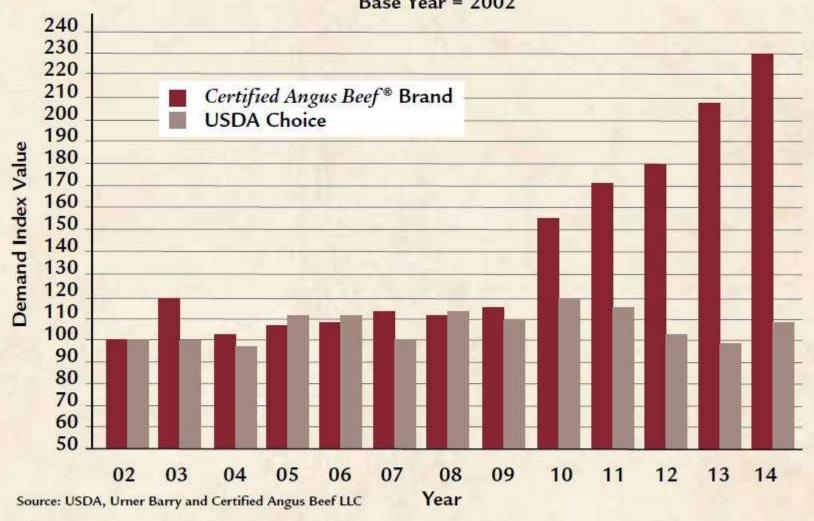
	Grade				
	Prime	Branded Choice	Commodity Choice	Select	No Roll
Boxed beef value	2.43	2.13	2.07	1.97	1.90
Ribeye, \$/LB	9.97	7.16	6.62	5.76	4.83
Tenderloin	13.76	10.63	10.11	9.25	8.73
Top Sirloin	3.79	3.43	3.28	2.94	2.80
Ground Beef		2.55	2.49	2.49	

Relationship between 2012 to 2014 annual average wholesale, boxed-strip loin prices and mean sensory performance of beef strip loin steaks differing in quality grade



#### Wholesale Beef Demand Index Values

Base Year = 2002

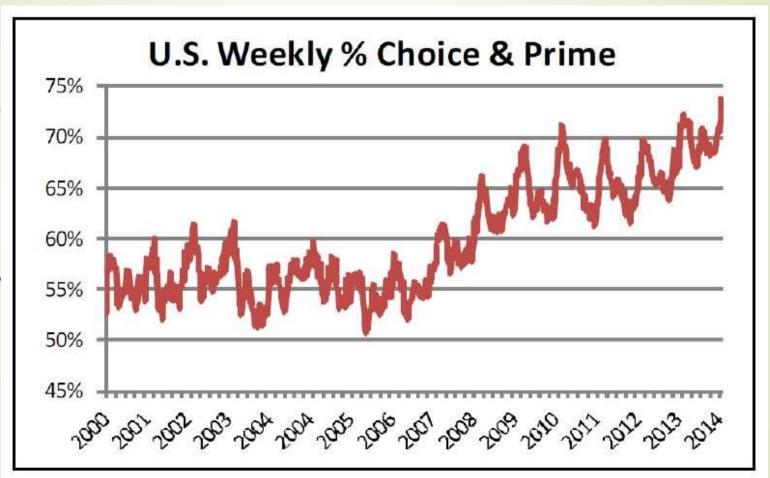


### Why Does Quality Grade Drive Price?

Table	
Grade	% Unsatisfactory Eating Experience
Prime	3%
Premium Choice	7%
Low Choice	18%
Select	34%
Standard	45%

5 Study Summary, Tatum, 2016

## As an Industry How are We Doing?



USDA Quality Grade trend 2000-2014 (Source: Dykstra, 2015)

#### Why are Cattle Grading Better?

➤ Genetics – All breeds are selecting for marbling

➤ Because price per lb for fed cattle greatly exceeds COG. We are feeding cattle to heavier weights and fat end points.

### What do I Give Up if I Focus on Marbling?

Trait	Correlation
Birth Weight	08
Calving Ease Direct	.17
Calving Ease Maternal	.28
Weaning Weight	.15
Yearling Weight	.19
Scrotal	.06
Heifer Pregnancy	.06
Docility	.05
Maternal Milk	.22
\$ W	.15

### How are Florida and SE Cattle doing?

Quality Grade	SE	MW
% Prime	1.1	1.0
% CAB	21.6	19
% CH & P	69	70
Sickness, %	15.2	20.8
Death Loss, %	1.4	1.8
Tri-County Steer Futurity data		

#### So how do we get Cattle to Grade?

> Select for Marbling (very heritable)

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Example – Angus
Breed Average EPD .46
Top 25% EPD .63
Top 10% EPD .81
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> Keep cattle healthy

#### Health is <u>really</u> Important

	Number of Treatments*		
Trait	0	1	2**
Feedlot ADG, lbs/day	3.2	3.05	2.9
Mortality rate, %	.1	3.8	15.3
Quality Grade, %			
Prime	1	.8	.7
Premium Choice	14.4	11.1	9.1
Low Choice	53.4	50	43.5
Select	29.3	35.1	39.5
Standard	1.9	2.9	7.3
Net \$ Returned	Par	-119.92	-365.01

<sup>\*</sup>Data on 69,032 cattle at TCSCF

<sup>\*\*12.5%</sup> of cattle

### Practical Example of Health Impact (Kansas Producer)

	2013 Calf Crop	2014 Calf Crop
Death Loss	0	6%
Feedlot Gain	3.93	3.39
% CAB	44%	30%

#### Value of Growth – Pounds is What we Sell

Feedlot Gain	Gain over 150 Days	Add \$ at 1.32/LB
3 LBS/Day	450	
3.5 LBS/Day	525	+\$165
4.0 LBS/Day	600	+\$330

### Difference in 4 Bulls (Angus genetic survey)

Bull	Weaning EPD	\$ at 2.25/LB
Bottom 25%	43	
Average	50	+15.75
Top 25%	57	+31.50
Top 10%	64	+69.75

#### Summary -

## Calves that can grow, grade and live are worth more