

During the Four Phases of the Cattle Price Cy				
Phase of Cattle Price Cycle	Projected Cow-Calf Profits/Losses			
> This is simply a projectio trends based on the past l price cycle.	n about cow-calf profit history using a 12-year catt			
No one knows for certain of the cattle price cycle.	the length of the four phas			
	ction as time progresses an			

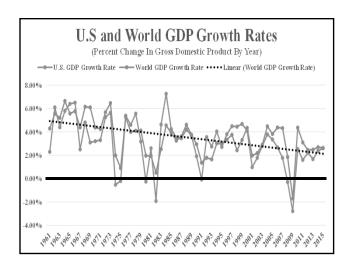
Projected Cow-Calf Profits During the Four Phases of the Cattle Price Cycle				
Phase of Cattle Price Cycle	Projected Cow-Calf Profits/Losses			
Top of Price Cycle (2013-2015)				
Downward Price Transition (2015-2019?)				
Bottom of Price Cycle (2019-2021?)				
Upward Price Transition (2021-2024?)				

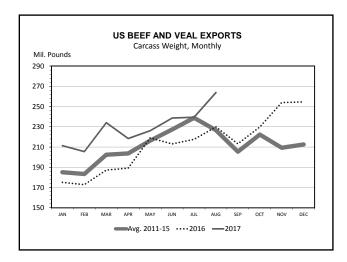
<u>Projected</u> Cow-Calf Profits During the Four Phases of the Cattle Price Cycle				
Phase of Cattle Price Cycle	Projected Cow-Calf Profits/Losses			
Top of Price Cycle (2013-2015)	Significant Profits Profits/Losses Declining Profitability			
Downward Price Transition (2015-2019?)				
Bottom of Price Cycle (2019-2021?)	Significant Losses			
Upward Price Transition (2021-2024?)	Profits/Losses Improving Profitability			

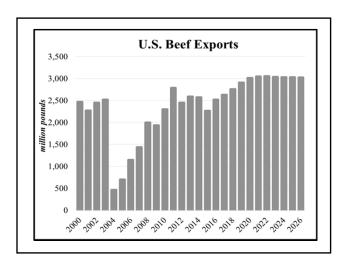


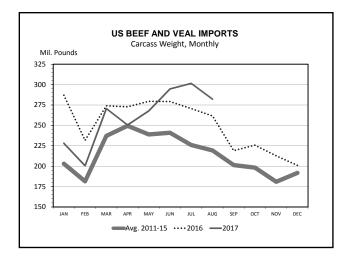
Major Factors Affecting The 2018 Beef Cattle Market Outlook

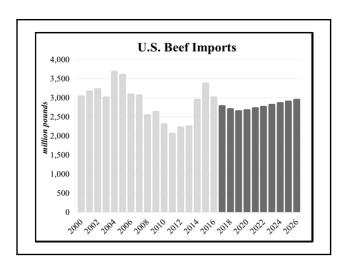
- U.S. and World Economies
- Interest and Exchange Rates
- Energy Prices
- U.S. Domestic Beef Demand
- U.S. Export Beef Demand
- U.S. Domestic Beef Supply
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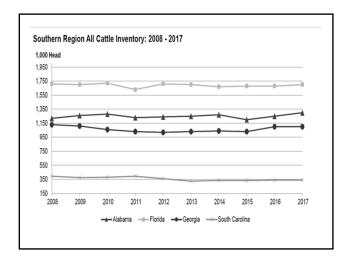


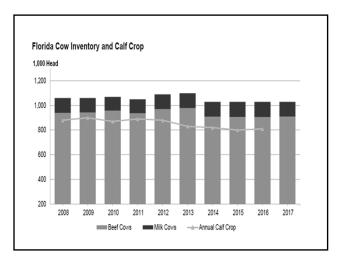




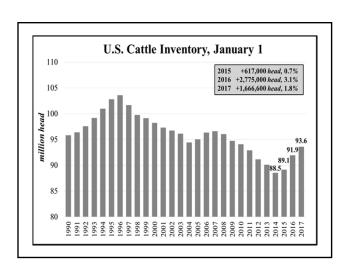


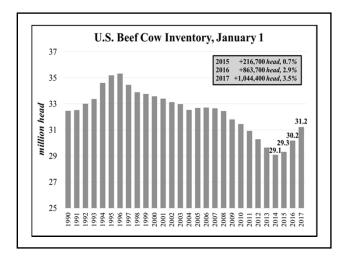


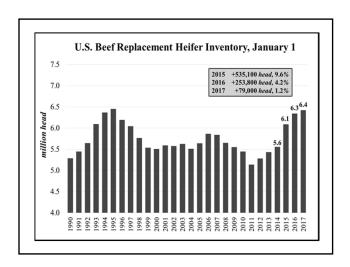


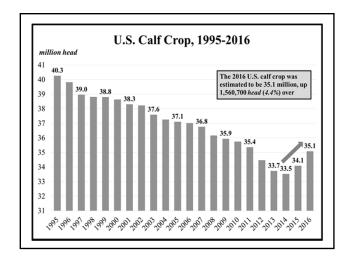


Class	2016	2016 2017		Change	
Class	(mil. hd.)	(mil. hd.)	(mil. hd.)	(%)	
Total Cattle (All Cattle and Calves)	91.9	93.6	1.7	1.8% 1	
Cows and Heifers that have Calved	39.5	40.6	1.1	2.7% 1	
Beef Cows that Calved	30.2	31.2	1.0	3.5% 1	
Heifers, 500 lbs. & over	19.9	20.1	0.1	0.7% 1	
Beef Replacement Heifers	6.3	6.4	0.1	1.2% 1	
Other Heifers, 500 lbs. & over	8.8	8.9	0.1	1.4% 🏗	
Steers, 500 lbs. & over	16.3	16.4	0.0	0.2% 1	
Bulls, 500 lbs. & over	2.1	2.2	0.1	4.3% 1	
Calves, Under 500 lbs.	14.1	14.4	0.3	2.2% 1	
Calf Crop (2015 vs. 2016)	34.1	35.1	1.0	2.9% 1	
Feeder Calf Outside of Feedlots (FCOF)	26.0	26.6	0.6	2.2% 1	
U.S. Cattle on Feed, All Sizes	13.2	13.1	-0.1	-0.7% 🌡	

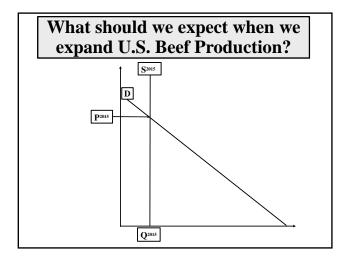


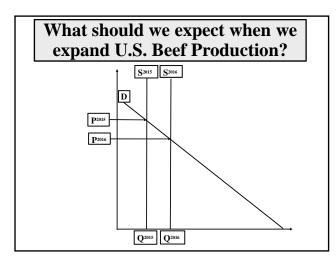


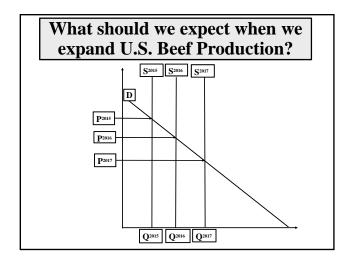


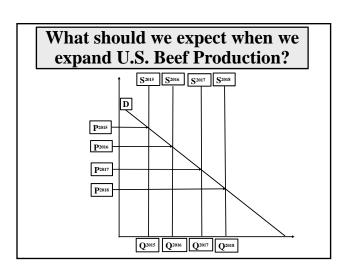


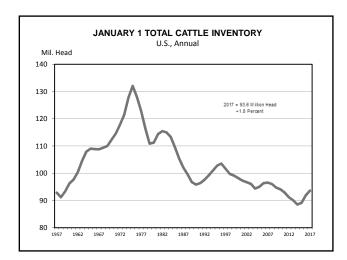
Beef Demand and Supply Interaction

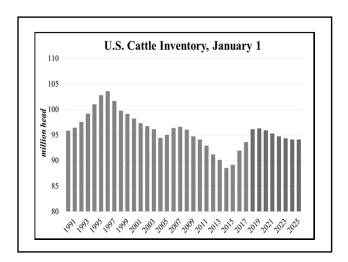


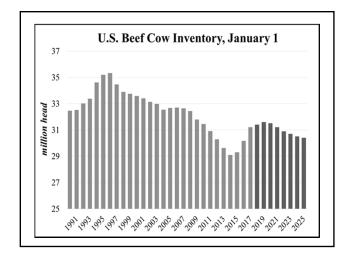


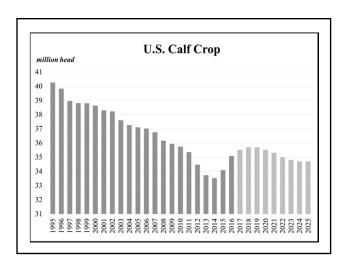


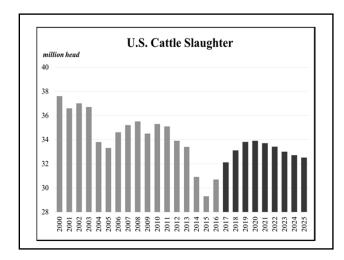


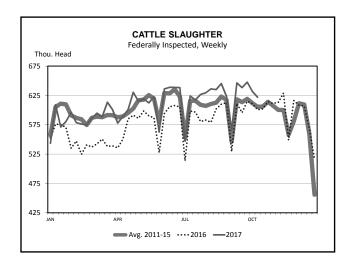


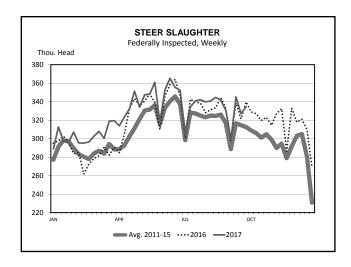


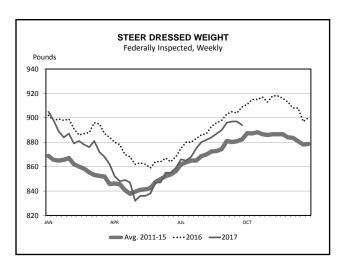


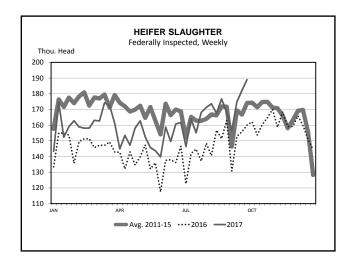


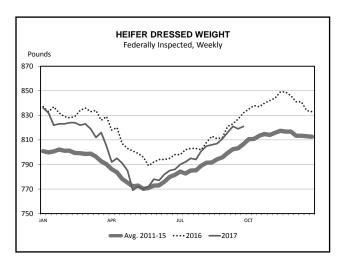


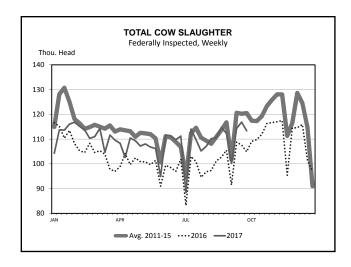


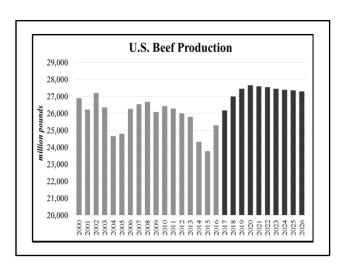




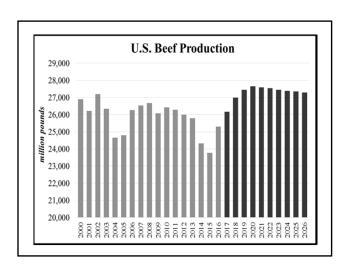


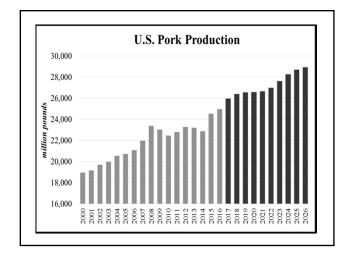


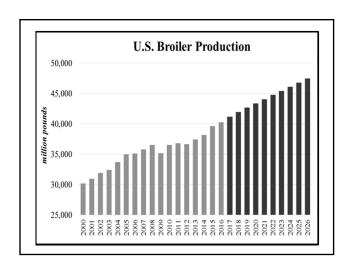


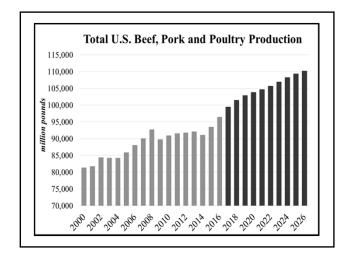


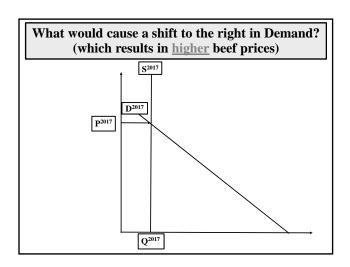
Total U.S. Red Meat and Poultry Production

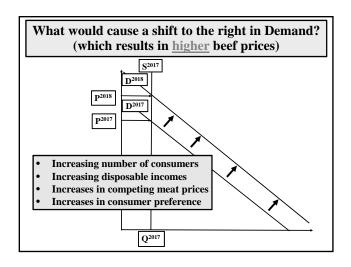


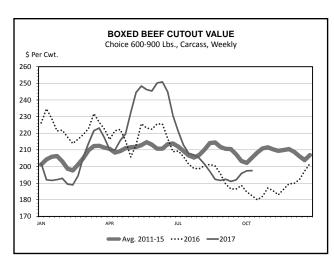


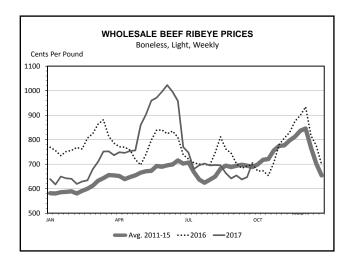


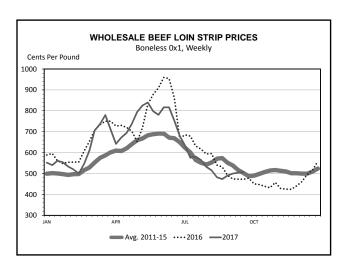


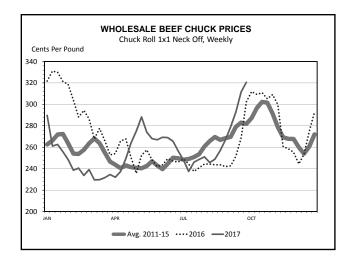


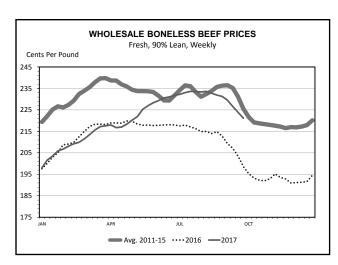


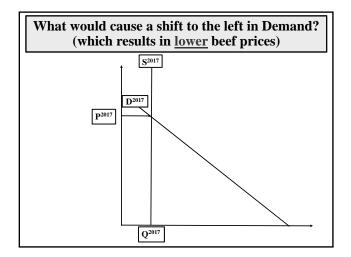


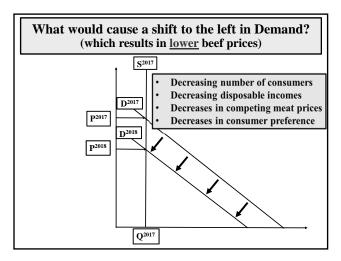


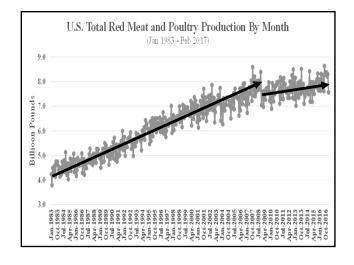














Major Factors Affecting The 2018 Beef Cattle Market Outlook

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Summary

- Herd expansion will likely continue as long as beef producers feel they are profitable and have the land, labor, capital, feed, and forages resources to expand.
- As herd expansion continues the transition to cyclically lower cattle prices will likely continue until prices approach the cost of production.

Summary

Due to expected future declining beef prices, U.S. cattle producers will need to:

- 1) search for ways to lower their unit cost of production (such as more efficient use of inputs, reduce wastes, scrutinize capital purchases, debt, etc.)
- 2) identify opportunities to enhance cattle market prices (improve quality and quantity, identify economical weights, months to sell, when to use price protection, etc.) in order to achieve higher levels of profits during the bottom of the cattle price cycle (2017 2021?).

